

Soft and Wet is Different

Prof. Thomas Salez

*CNRS research associate,
University of Bordeaux, France
and Hokkaido University, Japan*



Soft and wet contact arises in a range of phenomena that spans many length and time scales, and includes: landslides, aquaplaning of tires, wear of industrial bearings, ageing of synovial and cartilaginous joints, cell motion in blood vessels or microfluidic devices, and atomic-force or surface-force rheology. Therein, the coupling between boundary elasticity and confined viscous flow leads to a striking zoology of counterintuitive emergent effects. From the canonical situation of a free particle that can simultaneously sediment, slide, and roll in a viscous fluid, and near a soft wall, we study a range of novel inertial-like (despite the low-Reynolds-number flow) features, such as: enhanced sedimentation, elasto-hydrodynamic bouncing, roll reversal, emergent lift and torque...

Wednesday, June 19th, 2019 at 2:15 pm

**MPIDS, Prandtl lecture hall,
Am Faßberg 17, Göttingen**

**Max Planck Institute for Dynamics and Self-Organization
Dynamics of Complex Fluids - Dynamics of fluid and biological interfaces group
Dr. Oliver Bäumchen**

Email: oliver.baeumchen@ds.mpg.de, Phone: +49-(0)551/5176-260
Am Faßberg 17, 37077 Göttingen, Germany